

Newsletter

e-Committee, Supreme Court of India

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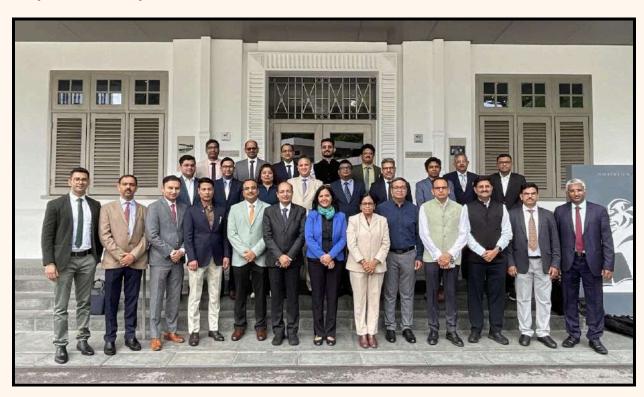
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eCourts International Capacity Building Programme for Judges from District Judiciary (CPC/Reg IT) from All High Courts -Key Takeaways



The e-Courts International Capacity
Building Programme (Singapore) (Batch
2) - 2025 was organised by the
e-Committee, Supreme Court of
India, in coordination with the India
Institute of Public Administration
(IIPA). The program took place in
Singapore from April 21 to April 25,
2025. The e-Courts International
Capacity Building Programme

(Singapore) (Batch 2) included 25 participants from various State High Courts across India, holding different roles. The program aimed to provide exposure to Singapore's advanced particularly judicial system, technology integration of and administration modern court practices.



The participants visited the Law Society of Singapore and its Centre for Robotics, Technology, Artificial Intelligence, and the Law. They viewed Singapore's presentations on e-Courts and the applications of artificial intelligence in legal work. After this, they toured Maxwell Chambers, where they looked at the mediation and arbitration rooms and the advanced facilities. They also visited the Ministry of Law and its

Legal Technology Transformation Office Here, plans for using (LTTO).technology in the legal sector were shown. Participants then went to Pro Bono SG. They attended presentation at the State Courts of Singapore and walked through the Pro Bono SG offices. At the Supreme Court, participants met the Chief Technology Officer. A presentation showed the Court's IT systems, e-litigation, e-filing systems, and

how Artificial Intelligence is used. Later, at the Singapore Academy of Law, they attended a presentation about the State Court of Singapore's systems and its e-litigation module. They also walked through the State Courts. Participants visited the National Gallery of Singapore, located in the former Supreme Court building. At the Law Society, they attended a session on the AI Research Tool and Cybersecurity. This session covered the use of AI in law, cybersecurity, and data privacy. Lastly, the participants went to the Family Court. They were shown their IT systems, including the Integrated Family Application Management System (iFAMS). The program offered several critical takeaways regarding modernising the judiciary and leveraging technology:

• Singapore's Success Model: Singapore's sustained investment in judicial technology, policy Innovation, and commitment to access to justice have made its judiciary a global leader. Their transition to a paperless system through integrated digital platforms, such as e-Litigation and ICMS, is a benchmark for efficiency and transparency.

- Importance of AI and Automation:
 AI tools like Harvey AI demonstrate
 the potential to significantly enhance
 productivity and accuracy in legal
 tasks, saving time for lawyers and
 judges. Generative AI holds promise
 for various judicial activities, from
 research to document generation.
- Focus on Digital Infrastructure and Security: A robust ICT backbone infrastructure is essential. Effective data management, cybersecurity protocols, and regular audits are crucial for safeguarding sensitive judicial data and maintaining public trust.
- User-Centric Approach: The shift

towards a litigant-centric approach and efforts to make digital services accessible all stakeholders, to including non-tech-savvy users, are lessons. Citizen-centric valuable services like digital kiosks and multilingual support improve inclusivity.

The e-Courts International Capacity Building Programme in Singapore exceptionally was an valuable transformative and experience for the participants. It profoundly impacted their of understanding technology integration and alternative dispute resolution in the judicial system. The highlighted program that modernising the judiciary requires

Collaboration: The success of technology integration relies on strong policy frameworks, advanced planning, and collaboration among all stakeholders, including legal experts, AI developers, and ethicists. The "One data entry, One nation and One system" approach for innovative governance is a key learning.

not just technology adoption but also strong policy support, continuous innovation, a user-centric approach, strategic planning and collaboration. The learnings regarding digital infrastructure, AI integration, data management and citizen-centric services are directly relevant and highly valuable for enhancing India's e-Courts initiatives.

e-Courts Capacity Building Programme for the Technical Teams of High Courts on Cyber Security and Cyber Hygiene Awareness at RRU, Gujarat



The e-Courts Capacity Building Training Programs for the Technical Teams of High Courts on Cyber Security & Cyber Hygiene Awareness was conducted from 28th April 2025 to 7th May 2025 at the Rashtriya Raksha University, Lavad-Dehgam, Gandhinagar, Gujarat. This program, conducted by the Rashtriya Raksha University (RRU), aimed to equip the

technical staff of High Courts across the Country with advanced skills and knowledge combat to cybersecurity-related threats effectively. The training modules covered several important cybersecurity domains, including digital forensics, SOC operations and Incident Response with simulated real-world attacks.



The participants in the training program interacted with different technologies. They learned about web application security, specifically focusing on how websites work and how information is sent and received. They used tools gather information and identified common weaknesses, such as SQL Injection and Cross-Site Scripting (XSS). They practised with vulnerability scanning tools and learned about penetration testing. They explored application security in more detail, including various types of attacks and strategies for defending against

them. They employed multiple tools gathering information, identifying weaknesses, and even conducting SQL injections. A big part of their learning focused on Burp Suite, a tool for testing web application security, where they learned how to set it up and use its different features. They also worked with ZAP Proxy. The program moved on to Network Security, where they covered topics like keeping local networks safe, understanding how to protect against traffic interception and internet securing communication. They learned about

firewalls, which act as barriers to protect networks and systems by detecting and preventing intrusions. They also looked into advanced network security, including how to monitor network traffic using tools like Wireshark and how to collect and analyse digital evidence. They learned about securing communication through encryption and how to set up connections. A section was dedicated to the Security Operations Centre (SOC), where they learned about the design of these centres and how they monitor for attacks. They used the ELK Stack (Elasticsearch, Logstash, Kibana) for and viewing analysing security logs. Later, they delved into Malware Analysis, understanding different types of harmful software, such as viruses, and how to analyse them safely to know their functionality. They used techniques like examining code

without running it and observing its behavior. Finally, the training Incident covered Response and Management, which is about how to react when a cyber attack happens. They learned the steps to take to identify an attack, recover from it, and collect evidence. The program concluded with Live-Fire a Cybersecurity Simulation in a lab, where participants practised defending computer systems against real-time attacks using the knowledge and tools they had learned throughout the training. The training provided participants with a comprehensive foundation in various cybersecurity domains, equipping them with practical skills and knowledge address complex to cybersecurity challenges. The most valuable insights gained included:

 A practical understanding of how to detect, analyse and respond to cybersecurity threats using

- industry-standard tools and methodologies. This included learning the six-phase incident. Response process and methods for collecting digital evidence.
- Gaining knowledge about techniques and tools for securing web applications against various types of cyberattacks, specifically understanding vulnerabilities like SQL Injection and XSS via OWASP Top 10.
- Learning the importance of preserving digital evidence during incident response, including using different tools and endpoint monitoring. Digital Forensics and Incident Response highlighted this critical aspect.
- Understanding the critical role of SIEM and log analysis in a Security Operations Centre, emphasising Log Analysis and Monitoring for continuous monitoring to detect and respond to security incidents.

- Acquiring hands-on experience with essential tools such as Burp Suite, NMAP, Metasploit, ELK stack, and various VAPT Tools. This practical experience was considered crucial for developing expertise.
- Learning the importance of establishing a secure and robust work ecosystem to protect organisations from cyberattacks.
- Understanding that user negligence is one of the most significant risks in cybersecurity, we encourage the adoption of better practices.
- Gaining skills and strategies for protecting networks from diverse security threats. This included understanding network defence through firewall configuration and mitigating VPN setup, **VLAN** hopping, ARP spoofing, and DNS hijacking, and implementing IPsec, for TLS, and SSH secure communications.

- Introduction SOC (Security to Operations Centre), SIEM (Security Information and Event Management) and SOAR (Security Orchestration, Automation, Response), and including designing SOC architecture, log monitoring, attack pattern identification and using open-source tools like ELK.
- The Live Fire simulation was an intensive hands-on exercise that provided participants with the opportunity to apply their knowledge in a controlled, real-time cyber This defence scenario. exercise checking involved system vulnerabilities, strengthening protecting defences, from live attacks. analysing hacks and practising incident reporting. It also helped improve teamwork, incident reporting, and real-time mitigation under pressure. The training

 program aimed to enhance the cybersecurity knowledge and skills of Assistant Programmers and System Analysts from various High Courts. The program was highly impactful, providing participants with significant knowledge and practical guidance in cybersecurity.

The training is considered crucial for protecting data from unauthorised and access sophisticated cyber threats. It significantly enhanced participants' understanding of the digital threat landscape and the mechanisms for detecting, preventing and responding to cyber incidents. It also helped bridge a critical gap between technology and iudicial interpretation for those with judicial responsibilities cyber-related in cases.

Training Programme (ECT_6_2025) was Conducted for High Court Officials and Court Staff at Odisha Judicial Academy



ECT_6_2025 was conducted on 19.04.2025 through physical mode at Odisha Judicial Academy, Cuttack involving 28 nos. of Digitization Officials/ Staff of High Court of Orissa.

Training Programme on "Paperless Courts and Examination of Vulnerable Witness" for Civil Courts Staff from all the Cluster Districts held on Regional Judicial Academies of Orissa



One day Hands on Training Programme on "Paperless Courts and Examination of Vulnerable Witness" for Civil Courts Staff from all the Cluster Districts held at different Regional Judicial Academies on 27.04.2025.

Delhi High Court was Conducted Training Programme on CIS 4.0 for Officials on 28.03.2025 & 29.03.2025



Training programme on CIS 4.0 was conducted on 28.03.2025 & 29.03.2025 physical mode at Training Room, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi for officials posted in Juvenile Justice Board Courts, officers of CDPU, GNCT of Delhi and Ld. Principal Magistrate

holding Juvenile Justice Board Courts. (JJB-IV, District, East Karkardooma Court, JJB-VI, District, Shahdara Karkardooma Court, JJB-VII, South West District, Dwarka Court).

Under ICT Outreach Training Programmes ECT_12_2024 was Conducted for Advocates & Advocate Clerks at Tripura High Court



A Training programme for one day i.e. "ECT_12_2024" was organised on 05.04.2025 at Khowai Court Complex under Khowai District. Similar programmes were held on 05.04.2025 at Ambassa Court Complex under Dhalai District, on 29.04.2025 at Kailashahar Court Complex under Unakoti District and on 30.04.2025 at

Agartala Court Complex under West Tripura District. In the said training programmes total 106 nos. of Advocates & Advocate Clerks were imparted training on various ICT topics by the nominated Master Trainer Judicial Officers.

Number of Cases Dealt with (Virtual Hearings) on VC in High Courts and District Courts as on 30.04.2025

S. No.	High Court	High Courts	District Courts	Grand Total	
1	Allahabad	248042	6333012	6581054	
2	Andhra Pradesh	411458	1442986	1854444	
3	Bombay	74920	238997	313917	
4	Calcutta	168180	122398	290578	
5	Chhattisgarh	104475	346927	451402	
6	Delhi	322025	6529565	6851590	
7	Gauhati – Arunachal Pradesh	3111	8429	11540	
8	Gauhati - Assam	267264	507261	774525	
9	Gauhati - Mizoram	4182	13268	17450	
10	Gauhati - Nagaland	1262	1014	2276	
11	Gujarat	415377	223632	639009	
12	Himachal Pradesh	185118	193658	378776	
13	Jammu & Kashmir	262976	562708	825684	
14	Jharkhand	223067	716472	939539	
15	Karnataka	1267480	177375	1444855	
16	Kerala	167251	654037	821288	
17	Madhya Pradesh	680671	1079209	1759880	
18	Madras	1495092	409212	1904304	
19	Manipur	52893	16982	69875	
20	Meghalaya	6249	64252	70501	
21	Orissa	347521	333488	681009	
22	Patna	277904	2994286	3272190	
23	Punjab & Haryana	626314	3223502	3849816	
24	Rajasthan	246491	239382	485873	
25	Sikkim	774	16533	17307	
26	Telangana	1498901	197328	1696229	
27	Tripura	22502	39197	61699	
28	Uttarakhand	89556	49326	138882	
	Total	9471056	26734436	36205492	

Status of Implementation of Rules of VC as on 30.04.2025

Sr. No.	High Court	Whether the Rules of Video Whether the Rules of Video			
		Conferencing is implemented in	Conferencing is implemented in		
		High Court	District Courts		
1	Allahabad	Yes	Yes		
2	Andhra Pradesh	Yes	Yes		
3	Bombay	Yes	Yes		
4	Calcutta	Yes	Yes		
5	Chhattisgarh	Yes	Yes		
6	Delhi	Yes	Yes		
7	Gauhati - Arunachal Pradesh	Yes	Yes		
8	Gauhati - Assam	Yes	Yes		
9	Gauhati - Mizoram	Yes	Yes		
10	Gauhati - Nagaland	Yes	Yes		
11	Gujarat	Yes	Yes		
12	Himachal Pradesh	Yes	Yes		
13	Jammu & Kashmir	Yes	Yes		
14	Jharkhand	Yes	Yes		
15	Karnataka	Yes	Yes		
16	Kerala	Yes	Yes		
17	Madhya Pradesh	Yes	Yes		
18	Madras	Yes	Yes		
19	Manipur	Yes	Yes		
20	Meghalaya	Yes	Yes		
21	Orissa	Yes	Yes		
22	Patna	Yes	Yes		
23	Punjab & Haryana	Yes	Yes		
24	Rajasthan	Yes	Yes		
25	Sikkim	Yes	Yes		
26	Telangana	Yes	Yes		
27	Tripura	Yes	Yes		
28	Uttarakhand	Yes	Yes		
	Implemented	28	28		
	Not Implemented	0	0		

Status of Implementation of Rules of e-Filing as on 30.04.2025

Sr. No.	High Court	h Court Whether the Rules of e-Filing Whether the Rules of e		
		is implemented in High Court	implemented in District Courts	
1	Allahabad	Yes	Yes	
2	Andhra Pradesh	Yes	No	
3	Bombay	Yes	Yes	
4	Calcutta	Yes	Yes	
5	Chhattisgarh	Yes	Yes	
6	Delhi	Yes	Yes	
7	Gauhati - Arunachal Pradesh	No	No	
8	Gauhati - Assam	Yes	Yes	
9	Gauhati - Mizoram	Yes	Yes	
10	Gauhati - Nagaland	Yes	Yes	
11	Gujarat	No	Yes	
12	Himachal Pradesh	Yes	Yes	
13	Jammu & Kashmir	Yes	Yes	
14	Jharkhand	Yes	Yes	
15	Karnataka	Yes	Yes	
16	Kerala	Yes	Yes	
17	Madhya Pradesh	Yes	Yes	
18	Madras	Yes	Yes	
19	Manipur	Yes	Yes	
20	Meghalaya	Yes	Yes	
21	Orissa	Yes	Yes	
22	Patna	Yes	Yes	
23	Punjab & Haryana	Yes	Yes	
24	Rajasthan	No	No	
25	Sikkim	Yes	Yes	
26	Telangana	Yes	Yes	
27	Tripura	Yes	Yes	
28	Uttarakhand	Yes	Yes	
	Implemented	25	25	
	Not Implemented	3	3	

Status of Implementation of e-Sewa Kendras as on 30.04.2025

Sr. No.	High Court	Whether the e-Sewa	Functioning	Whether the e-Sewa	Functioning	Total
		Kendra is	e-Sewa Kendras	Kendra is	e-Sewa Kendras	$(\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B})$
		implemented in HC	in HC (A)	implemented in DC	in DC (B)	
1	Allahabad	Yes	2	Yes	74	76
2	Andhra Pradesh	Yes	1	No	0	1
3	Bombay	Yes	3	Yes	40	43
4	Calcutta	Yes	1	Yes	13	14
5	Chhattisgarh	Yes	1	Yes	23	24
6	Delhi	Yes	1	Yes	13	14
7	Gauhati - Arunachal Pradesh	Yes	1	Yes	29	30
8	Gauhati - Assam	Yes	2	Yes	78	80
9	Gauhati - Mizoram	Yes	1	Yes	8	9
10	Gauhati - Nagaland	Yes	1	Yes	11	12
11	Gujarat	Yes	1	Yes	193	194
12	Himachal Pradesh	Yes	1	Yes	22	23
13	Jammu and Kashmir	Yes	1	Yes	9	10
14	Jharkhand	Yes	2	Yes	24	26
15	Karnataka	Yes	3	Yes	25	28
16	Kerala	Yes	1	Yes	161	162
17	Madhya Pradesh	Yes	3	Yes	168	171
18	Madras	Yes	7	Yes	310	317
19	Manipur	Yes	1	Yes	20	21
20	Meghalaya	Yes	1	Yes	16	17
21	Orissa	Yes	1	Yes	160	161
22	Patna	Yes	1	Yes	37	38
23	Punjab and Haryana	Yes	1	Yes	112	113
24	Rajasthan	Yes	2	Yes	1	3
25	Sikkim	Yes	1	Yes	10	11
26	Telangana	Yes	1	Yes	98	99
27	Tripura	Yes	1	Yes	15	16
28	Uttarakhand	Yes	1	Yes	30	31
	Implemented	28	44	27	1700	1744
	Not Implemented	0		1		

Status of Implementation of e-Payments as on 30.04.2025

Sr. No.	High Court	Whether the Court Fee Act is amended	Whether the e-Payments
		to enable to receive the e-Payments	facility implemented
1	Allahabad	Yes	Yes
2	Andhra Pradesh	No	No
3	Bombay	Yes	Yes
4	Calcutta	Yes	Yes
5	Chhattisgarh	Yes	Yes
6	Delhi	No	Yes
7	Gauhati - Arunachal Pradesh	No	Yes
8	Gauhati - Assam	Yes	Yes
9	Gauhati - Mizoram	Yes	No
10	Gauhati - Nagaland	No	No
11	Gujarat	Yes	Yes
12	Himachal Pradesh	Yes	Yes
13	Jammu and Kashmir	No	No
14	Jharkhand	Yes	Yes
15	Karnataka	Yes	Yes
16	Kerala	Yes	Yes
17	Madhya Pradesh	Yes	Yes
18	Madras	Yes	Yes
19	Manipur	Yes	Yes
20	Meghalaya	Yes	Yes
21	Orissa	Yes	Yes
22	Patna	Yes	Yes
23	Punjab and Haryana	Yes	Yes
24	Rajasthan	Yes	Yes
25	Sikkim	Yes	Yes
26	Telangana	Yes	Yes
27	Tripura	Yes	Yes
28	Uttarakhand	Yes	Yes
	Implemented	23	24
	Not Implemented	5	4

Statistics of Virtual Courts-30.04.2025

S.No.	Establishment_Name	Received	Proceeding	Contested	Paid	Challan	
			Done		Challans	Amount	
1	Assam(Assam Traffic Department)	206341	206339	549	42173	26538202	
2	Chandigarh(Virtual Court Chandigarh	925578	920590	3320	124864	121002012	
3	Chhattisgarh(Traffic Department)	4447	3073	3	176	279800	
4	Delhi(Notice Department)	23210675	22948807	118412	2396937	1721897906	
5	Delhi(Traffic Department)	8710662	8416086	152252	2012982	1949064752	
6	Gujarat(Traffic Department)	3936968	3857988	5182	334682	256859546	
7	Gujarat(Transport Department)	384376	376239	2024	70461	271562675	
8	Haryana(Traffic Department)	3098416	2132961	11731	155331	131842001	
9	Himachal Pradesh(Traffic Department)	607013	499095	1383	26021	41985203	
10	Jammu and Kashmir(Jammu Traffic Department)	1000822	728388	9217	149299	97127974	
11	Jammu and Kashmir(Kashmir Traffic Dpt)	1206027	1206025	167930	222217	118926365	
12	Karnataka(Traffic Department)	96490	96379	250	84864	814718400	
13	Kerala(Police Department)	2957421	2787443	4652	233586	144312967	
14	Kerala(Transport Department)	1288270	1282114	6171	176359	248684657	
15	Madhya Pradesh(Traffic Department)	1492568	1130239	1173	49473	45604011	
16	Maharashtra (Maharashtra Traffic Department)	833	6	1	4	4	
17	Maharashtra (Maharashtra Transport Dpt)	56569	55108	20	2372	3067705	
18	Maharashtra (Nashik Traffic Department)	7	3	0	3	3	
19	Manipur(Manipur Virtual Court (Traffic))	5225	4965	1	161	184000	
20	Manipur(Manipur Virtual Court (Transport))	2980	2768	0	74	283501	
21	Meghalaya(Meghalaya Traffic Department)	874	800	0	62	50051	
22	Odisha(Odisha Traffic CTC-BBSR	687281	640647	1135	46719	43919501	
00	Commissionerate)	4.40000	04005	1,000	15000	10550101	
23	Rajasthan(Rajasthan Traffic Department)	140098	91035	4636	15900	12552181	
24	Tamil Nadu(Traffic Department)	236605	188708	1654	115210	1075887550	
25	Tripura(Traffic Department)	77252	77248	123	5265	1696796	
26	Uttar Pradesh(Traffic Department)	24136694	17357751	125388	1259760	703937141	
27	Uttarakhand(Traffic Department)	89039	84978	403	7644	10739002	
28	Uttarakhand(Transport Department)	55727	48547	172	4624	8722101	
29	West Bengal(Traffic Department)	324668	298265	3219	13474	6870952	
	Total	74939926	65442595	621001	7550697	7858316959	

Status of Installation of Justice Clock in High Courts as on 30.04.2025

Sr. No.	High Court	No of Items for which funds where	No. of Items
		released	Procured/Purchased
1	Allahabad	2	2
2	Andhra Pradesh	1	1
3	Bombay	4	4
4	Calcutta	1	1
5	Chhattisgarh	1	1
6	Delhi	1	1
7	Gauhati (Arunachal Pradesh)	1	1
8	Gauhati (Assam)	1	1
9	Gauhati (Mizoram)	1	1
10	Gauhati (Nagaland)	1	1
11	Gujarat	1	1
12	Himachal Pradesh	1	1
13	Jammu & Kashmir	2	2
14	Jharkhand	1	1
15	Karnataka	3	3
16	Kerala	1	1
17	Madhya Pradesh	3	3
18	Madras	2	2
19	Manipur	1	1
20	Meghalaya	1	1
21	Orissa	1	1
22	Patna	1	1
23	Punjab & Haryana	1	1
24	Rajasthan	2	2
25	Sikkim	1	1
26	Telangana	1	1
27	Tripura	1	1
28	Uttarakhand	1	1
	Total	39	39

Status of Implementation of ICJS as on 30.04.2025

Sr. No.	High Court	Whether ICJS implemented
1	Allahabad	Yes
2	Andhra Pradesh	Yes
3	Bombay	Yes
4	Calcutta	Yes
5	Chhattisgarh	Yes
6	Delhi	Yes
7	Gauhati - Arunachal Pradesh	Yes
8	Gauhati - Assam	Yes
9	Gauhati - Mizoram	Yes
10	Gauhati - Nagaland	No
11	Gujarat	Yes
12	Himachal Pradesh	Yes
13	Jammu and Kashmir	Yes
14	Jharkhand	Yes
15	Karnataka	Yes
16	Kerala	Yes
17	Madhya Pradesh	Yes
18	Madras	Yes
19	Manipur	Yes
20	Meghalaya	Yes
21	Orissa	Yes
22	Patna	Yes
23	Punjab and Haryana	Yes
24	Rajasthan	Yes
25	Sikkim	Yes
26	Telangana	Yes
27	Tripura	Yes
28	Uttarakhand	Yes
	Implemented	27
	Not Implemented	1

E-Filing Total Count as on 30.04.2025

S.No.	State Name	High Court/ Dist			
		Court	нс	DC	Total
1	Allahabad	District Court	0	10890	10890
2	Andhra Pradesh	High Court	16096	6	16102
3	Bombay	Both Court	344829	1761621	2106450
4	Calcutta	High Court	8862	1817	10679
5	Chhattisgarh	Both Court	682	1210	1892
6	Delhi	District Court	0	1188349	1188349
7	Gauhati - Arunachal Pradesh	Both Court	0	0	0
8	Gauhati - Assam	Both Court	19302	24655	43957
9	Gauhati – Mizoram	Both Court	0	0	0
10	Gauhati - Nagaland	Both Court	0	0	0
11	Gujarat	High Court	63917	6628	70545
12	Himachal Pradesh	Both Court	2817	93534	96351
13	Jammu & Kashmir	Both Court	28481	122175	150656
14	Jharkhand	Both Court	35	903	938
15	Karnataka	Both Court	5653	173183	178836
16	Kerala	District Court	0	997321	997321
17	Madhya Pradesh	District Court	0	2251	2251
18	Madras	Both Court	103135	1395057	1498192
19	Manipur	High Court	4853	13088	17941
20	Meghalaya	Both Court	11	1	12
21	Odisha	Both Court	21982	62228	84210
22	Patna	Both Court	625140	10057	635197
23	Punjab & Haryana	Both Court	62239	46490	108729
24	Rajasthan	Both Court	52069	3994	56063
25	Sikkim	Both Court	3670	5729	9399
26	Telangana	Both Court	8202	10233	18435
27	Tripura	Both Court	4066	18707	22773
28	Uttarakhand	Both Court	173	68121	68294
		Total	1376214	6018248	7394462

Status of Digitization of Court Records as on 30.04.2025

S.No.	Name of High Court	Number of pages	Total number of pages	District Courts(in	cluding Taluka Courts)
		digitised in the	digitised in the High	under the jurisdicti	on of the HC
		High Court in the	Court up to the	Number of pages	Total number of pages
		current month	current month	, and the second	digitised in DC up to the
				the current month	current month
1	Allahabad	42,51,850	54,23,88,053	7,09,21,025	1,11,90,65,228
2	Andhra Pradesh	14,48,780	1,69,17,351	1,41,32,425	3,31,12,599
3	Bombay	48,72,358	4,63,11,897	3,45,142	14,12,591
4	Calcutta	9,26,339	5,06,17,022	0	0
5	Chhattisgarh	2,69,727	5,60,136	5,75,580	7,23,701
6	Delhi	6,90,776	23,04,85,171	13,10,026	11,16,51,864
7	Gauhati – Arunachal Pradesh	1,55,304	3,52,344	0	0
8	Gauhati - Assam	0	0	0	0
9	Gauhati – Mizoram	35,656	8,92,616	35,945	13,98,295
10	Gauhati – Nagaland	0	0	0	0
11	Gujarat	39,893	6,04,495	56,310	2,32,869
12	Himachal Pradesh	0	71,42,331	0	0
13	Jammu & Kashmir	1,72,140	3,95,61,955	15,67,859	83,49,568
14	Jharkhand	9,87,451	1,69,94,111	2,67,956	81,29,404
15	Karnataka	15,06,803	3,03,46,345	7,07,242	3,62,39,626
16	Kerala	18,80,768	6,27,11,792	3,17,674	99,06,980
17	Madhya Pradesh	24,11,501	22,73,86,087	1,55,00,000	55,96,95,995
18	Madras	56,35,326	15,55,35,326	46,29,099	9,25,54,752
19	Manipur	98,714	54,64,653	1,42,331	51,03,407
20	Meghalaya	37,507	9,42,415	47,301	34,59,882
21	Orissa	8,12,962	4,61,33,728	42,39,982	12,63,28,055
22	Patna	1,16,908	2,30,09,270	0	0
23	Punjab & Haryana	17,22,286	27,79,97,510	0	50,66,96,188
24	Rajasthan	27,68,979	11,10,71,620	21,13,944	58,88,423
25	Sikkim	1,474	11,63,310	74,033	45,56,336
26	Telangana	13,40,058	11,06,91,253	29,92,218	3,85,15,415
27	Tripura	3,38,872	70,11,241	0	6,19,005
28	Uttarakhand	5,00,000	1,82,00,000	7,90,728	14,54,480
	Total	3,30,22,432	2,03,04,92,032	12,07,66,820	2,56,34,42,799

e-Committee Outreach/ Training Programmes Conducted During the Month of April 2025

S.No.	Dates of	Programme	Conducting	Title of Programme	Participants	No. of
	Programmes	No.	Institute			Participants
1	04.04.2025	ECT_16_2025 & ECT_17_2025	West Bengal Judicial Academy	Ecourts Programme at All-District Headquarters	All Judicial officers of the District	16
2	22.04.2025	ECT_13_2025	West Bengal Judicial Academy	Computer Skill enhancement Programme- Level I & II	Judicial officers of District Judiciary (All cader)	19
3	24.04.2025	ECT_14_2026	West Bengal Judicial Academy	Cyber laws & Appreciation & Handling of Digital Evidence -Refresher Programme	Judicial Officers	19
4	28.04.2025	ECT_14_2026	West Bengal Judicial Academy	Cyber laws & Appreciation & Handling of Digital Evidence -Refresher Programme	Judicial Officers	18
5	28.04.2025	ECT_13_2025	West Bengal Judicial Academy	Computer Skill enhancement Programme- Level I & II	Judicial officers of District Judiciary (All cader)	18
6	21.04.2025 - 22.04.2025	ECT_3_2025	Chhattisgarh State Judicial Academy	Master Trainer Programme for New Master trainers	Nominated New Master trainers	13
7	16.04.2025	ECT_4_2025	Delhi Judicial Academy	Advocate/ Advocate Clerk Ecourts Programme at District Headquarters	Advocate/ Advocate Clerk	44
8	21.04.2025-22 .04.2025	ECT_08_2024	Himachal pradesh judicial academy	Refresher programme for Court Staffs & N step Training	Administrative head, Nazarat , Process servers	30
9	23.04.2025-24 .04.2025	ECT_09_2024	Himachal pradesh judicial academy	Refresher programme for Court Staff	Staff of District Judiciary	29
10	20.04.2025	ECT_4_2025	Jharkhand Judicial Academy	Advocate/ Advocate Clerk Ecourts Programme at District Headquarters	Advocate/ Advocate Clerk	500
11	27.04.2025	ECT_7_2025	Jharkhand Judicial Academy	Advocate/ Advocate Clerk Ecourts Programme at Taluk /Village (once in 3 months)	Advocate/ Advocate Clerk	500
12	28.04.2025- 30.04.2025	ECT_3_2025	Manipur judicial academy	Master Trainer Programme for New Master trainers	Nominated New Master trainers	40
13	30.04.2025	ECT_11_2025	Meghalaya state judicial academy	Programme for Technical staffs of District Court - Hardware & software maintenance, Data Replication, Data	Technical Staffs/ district system admin/ System Officers	28

	TOTAL					1545
				District Headquarters		
19	28.04.2025	ECT_4_2024	Rajasthan State Judicial Academy	Advocate/Advocate Clerk eCourts Programme at	Advocate/Advocate Clerk	6
				monitoring, VC equipment, Lan connections, etc		
				maintenance, Data Replication, Data		
			Academy	Hardware & software	court	
18	26.04.2025	ECT_10_2024	Uttarakhand Judicial and Legal	Programme for Technical staffs of High Court -	Technical Staffs & NIC Coordinators at High	35
			Academy	level	officials/Staffs/	
17	20.04.2025	ECT_6_2024	Uttarakhand Judicial and Legal	Training Programme on Digitization at High Court	High Court Digitization	36
				Level I & II		
16	10.04.2025	ECT_12_2025	Telangana State Judicial Academy	Computer Skill enhancement Programme-	Advocate / Advocate clerk	102
				/Village (once in 3 months)		
			Academy	Ecourts Programme at Taluk	'	
15	19.04.2025	ECT_7_2025	Orissa Judicial	Advocate/ Advocate Clerk	Advocate/ Advocate	64
14	19.04.2025	ECT_6_2025	Orissa Judicial Academy	Training Programme on Digitization at High Court level	High Court Digitization officials/Staffs	28
4.4	40.04.0005	ECE (0005		monitoring, VC equipment, Lan connections, etc	W. 1. 0	00
